## **UBD Unit Design Template**

Time Frame: 6-8 weeks	Unit Title: Ancient Mesopotamia	Course Name: 6th Grade Social Studies	
	Stage 1: Desired Resu	lts	
Established Goal(s)	Transfer		
SS:WH:6:1.1: Describe different types of political systems created by people, e.g., the tribe, the empire or the nation-state. (Themes: B: Civic Ideals, Practices, and Engagement, E: Cultural Development, Interaction,	Students will be able to independently use their learning to  • Students will use their learning to identify and describe major features or examples of a civilization's geography, religion, achievements, political structure, economics, and social structure.		
	Meaning		
and Change)  SS:WH:6:4.1: Analyze the	Understandings Students will understand that	Essential Questions	
impact of the agricultural revolution on humans using examples, e.g., the role of women, specialization of labor, or population density. (Themes: C: People, Places and Environment, G: Science, Technology, and Society, I: Patterns of Social and Political Interaction)  SS:WH:6:4.3: Analyze the impact of inventions and new technologies on the agricultural system using examples, e.g., the invention of the hoe, irrigation, or genetic engineering of crops. (Themes: G: Science, Technology, and Society)	Students will understand that religion plays a major role in both daily life and systems of government in Mesopotamia.  Students will understand that Hammurabi's Code established the rule of law for the first time, as well as its impact on societies of Mesopotamia and today.  Students will understand that justice is subjective.  Students will understand the importance of the Tigris and Euphrates rivers, and climate of Mesopotamia for the development of civilizations.  Students will understand how humans adapt to and shape the environment to their needs.  Students will understand that scarce resources lead to conflict among societies.	How did religion, government, and social structure influence Mesopotamian civilizations?  What did Hammurabi's code establish, and why is it important?  Are laws necessary in a civilization?  How did the geography of Mesopotamia affect its development, and why was it key to its survival?	
SS:WH:6:4.4: Trace improvements in	Acquisition		
communication, e.g., the Sumerian development of writing, Chinese printing, or the creation of the Internet. (Themes: G: Science, Technology, and Society, J: Human Expression and Communication)	<ul> <li>Students will know</li> <li>Content specific vocabulary</li> <li>Hammurabi's Code and the importance of rule of law.</li> <li>How/why cities/civilizations formed in Mesopotamia.</li> <li>Geography of Mesopotamia</li> <li>Religion of Mesopotamia</li> <li>Achievements of Mesopotamia</li> <li>Political Structure of Mesopotamia</li> <li>Economic structure of Mesopotamia</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Students will be able to</li> <li>Explain how geography impacted the development of Mesopotamia.</li> <li>Articulate the significance of a written law code.</li> <li>Compare and contrast Mesopotamian civilizations and our own.</li> <li>Identify ways in which Mesopotmian civilizations influenced later civilizations.</li> <li>Read and understand a timeline, as well create a timeline based on events of their</li> </ul>	

Social Structure of Mesopotamia

own life.

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	Breakdown Mesopotamian civilization into GRAPES.