## 8th Grade ELA Literary Elements

Time Frame: 7-8 weeks	Unit Title: Understanding Literature	Course Name: 8th Grade Language Arts	
	Stage 1: Desired Results		
Established Goal(s)	Transfer		
<ul> <li>Department Competencies Addressed:</li> <li>Students will practice the ability to</li> <li>1. Reading Literature (fiction &amp; non-fiction): closely read a literary text, infer the author's intent and/or the text's theme, and cite textual evidence to support their</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Students will be able to independently use their learning to</li> <li>Consider an author's purpose and message in a text</li> <li>To make meaningful connections between reading and the real world</li> <li>To provide and explain evidence from a text to support a claim</li> <li>Consider multiple factors that contribute to someone's identity, going beyond basic labels</li> </ul>		
understanding.	Meaning		
<ul> <li>3. Analytical Writing (Argumentative, Analysis, Explanatory Writing): students are able to develop and support a thesis with purposefully integrated evidence in an organized and compelling manner.</li> <li>6. Speaking &amp; Listening: communicate effectively and respectfully using viewing, listening, and speaking skills for a range of purposes and audiences.</li> <li>8. Vocabulary: students are able to define, understand, and apply grade-level vocabulary to a variety of tasks.</li> <li>Standards Addressed: Students will practice the ability to</li> <li>Cite the textual evidence that most strongly supports an analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text. (CCSS.RL.8.1)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Understandings</li> <li>Students will understand that</li> <li>There are many factors that contribute to someone's identity, including our own choices.</li> <li>The exploration of literature deepens our understanding of ourselves, others, and the world around us.</li> <li>An author uses very specific techniques to build a story; recognizing and discussing those techniques helps readers fully understand literature.</li> <li>Creating and supporting inferences about a text helps readers strengthen their ability to understand literature and to understand people in general.</li> <li>Collaborative discussions help us understand literature and each other more deeply, as well as give us a platform for self-expression.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Essential Questions</li> <li>Students will consider</li> <li>What makes me who I am? What defines me as an individual?</li> <li>What factors contribute to identity?</li> <li>What does literature teach us about ourselves, our identity, and the lives of others?</li> <li>How does understanding literature help me understand life outside of the classroom?</li> <li>What strategies can I use to understand literature?</li> <li>What techniques do authors use to build a story? Why should I study authors techniques and choices?</li> <li>How can I create evidence-based inferences about what I read and what I experience in life?</li> <li>How does creating inferences help in real life?</li> </ul>	
• Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course	Acquisi	Acquisition	
<ul> <li>of the text, including its relationship to the characters, setting, and plot; provide an objective summary of the text. (CCSS.RL.8.2)</li> <li>Analyze how particular lines of dialogue or incidents in a story or drama propel the action, reveal aspects of a character, or provoke a decision. (CCSS.RL.8.3)</li> <li>Analyze the extent to which a filmed or live production of a story or drama stays faithful to or departs from the text or script, evaluating the choices made by the director or actors. (CCSS.RL.8.7)</li> <li>Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. (CCSS.W.8.9)</li> <li>Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences. (CCSS.W.8.10)</li> <li>Pose questions that connect ideas of several speakers; respond to others' questions and comments with relevant evidence, observations, and ideas. (CCSS SL:8.1c)</li> <li>Acknowledge new information expressed by others, and justify their own views in light of the evidence presented. (CCSS SL:8.1d)</li> <li>Habits of Mind/Professionalism: Students will practice the ability to</li> <li>Participate in class discussions respectfully</li> <li>Attentively listen to others</li> <li>Complete assignments thoroughly, thoughtfully, and on time</li> <li>Treat others with kindness</li> <li>Use class time and resources productively and respectfully</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Students will know</li> <li>Notice &amp; Note: A reading routine which provides students with signposts to look for as they are reading and encourages them to reread a portion of a text to answer a question about its meaning</li> <li>Again &amp; Again: Events, images, or particular words that recur throughout a text.</li> <li>Memory Moment: Recollections by a character that interrupt the forward progress of the story.</li> <li>Aha Moment: Characters' realizations that shift their actions or understanding.</li> <li>Tough Questions: Questions characters raise that reveal their inner struggles.</li> <li>Contrast &amp; Contradiction: Sharp contrasts between what we expect vs. what we observe characters doing.</li> <li>Words of the Wiser: Advice or insights about life offered to a character.</li> <li>Character Traits: qualities that make a character who they are; words to describe a character's personality.</li> <li>Character Motivation: reason behind characters' behavior/actions in a given scene/throughout a story.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Students will be able to</li> <li>Cite textual evidence that most strongly supports an analysis of what text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from text. (CCSS RL:8.1)</li> <li>Determine central idea of text; analyze its relationship to characters, setting, &amp; plot; provide an objective summary of the text. (CCSS RL:8.2)</li> <li>Analyze how particular lines of dialogue or incidents in a story propel action, reveal aspects of a character, or provoke a decision. (CCSS RL:8.3)</li> <li>Analyze extent which a film production of a story stays faithful to or departs from text, evaluating the choices made by director/actors. (CCSS RL:8.7)</li> <li>Apply grade 8 Reading standards to literature (CCSS W:8.9a)</li> <li>Pose questions that connect ideas of several speakers; respond to others' questions and comments with relevant evidence, observations, and ideas. (CCSS SL:8.1c)</li> <li>Use context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. (CCSS L:8.4a)</li> </ul>	

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